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What is ctrl in mac

By pressing some key combinations, you can do things that normally need a mouse, trackpad or other input device. To use a keyboard shortcut, press and hold one or more editing keys and then press the last shortcut key. For example, to use Command-C (copy), press and hold the Command button, then the C button, then release both keys. Mac menus and keyboards often use symbols for some keys, including editing keys: Command (or Cmd) ⌘ Shift . Option (or Alt) ⌥ Control (or Ctrl) . On keyboards made for Windows PC, use the Alt key instead of Option, and the Windows logo key instead of Command. Some keys on some Apple keyboards have special symbols and functions, such as display brightness, keyboard brightness, mission control and more. If these functions are not available on the keyboard, you might be able to play some of them by creating your own keyboard shortcuts. To use these keys like F1, F2, F3, or other standard function keys, combine them with the Fn key. Command-X: Cut the selected item and copy it to the Clipboard. Command-C: Copy the selected item in the Notebook. This also works for files in the Finder. Command-V: Paste the content of the card into the document or current app. This also works for files in the Finder. Command-Z: Cancel the previous command. You can then press Shift-Command-Z to Redo, inverting the Cancel command. In some applications, you can cancel and remake multiple commands. Command-A: Select All items. Command-F: Find items in a document or open a Find window. Command-G: Find again: Find the next product event you have previously found. To find the previous event, press Shift-Command-G. Command-H: Hide the front app windows. To view the appbut hide all other applications, press Option-Command-H. Command-M: Minimize the front window to the Dock. To minimize all windows of the front app, press Option-Command-M. Command-O: Open the selected item or open a dialog box to select a file fromCommand-P: Print the current document. Command-S: Save the current document. Command-T: Open a new tab. Command-W: Close the front window. To close all windows of the app, press Option-Command-W. Option-Command-Esc: Force left an app. Command bar: Show or hide the Spotlight field. To search Spotlight from a Finder window, press Command–Option–Space bar. (If you use multiple input sources to type in different languages, these shortcuts change input sources instead of showing Spotlight. Learn how to change a conflicting keyboard shortcut.) Control–Command–Space bar: Show the Character Viewer, from which you can choose emoji and other symbols. Control-Command-F: Use the full-screen app if supported by the app. Space bar: Use Quick Look to preview the selected item. Command-Tab: Go to the next app most recently used among your open apps. Shift-Command-5: In macOS Mojave or later, take a screenshot or make a screen recording. Or use Shift-Command-3 or Shift-Command-4 for screenshots. Learn more about screenshots. Shift-Command-N: Create a new folder in the Finder. Command-Comma (,): Open your preferences for the front app. You may need to press and hold some of these shortcuts for a little longer than other shortcuts. This helps you avoid using them unintentionally. Power button: Press to turn on your Mac or wake it from sleep. Press and hold for 1.5 seconds to put your Mac to sleep. * Keep your Mac pressed for power to turn off. Option button – Command–Power* or Option–Command–Media Expulsion: Put your Mac to sleep. Control button–Shift–Power* or Control–Shift–Media Expulsion: Put your displays to sleep. Control–Power button* or Control–Media Eject:a dialog box that asks if you want to restart, sleep or turn off. Control–Command–Power button:* Force your Mac to restart, without requiring you to save any open and unsaved document. Control–Comando–Media Control–Comando–Mediaall applications, then restart the Mac. If open documents have unsaved changes, you will be asked if you want to save them. Control–Option–Command–Power button* or Control–Option–Command–Media Expulsion: Stop all applications, then turn off your Mac. If open documents have unsaved changes, you will be asked if you want to save them. Control-Command-Q: Lock the screen immediately. Shift-Command-Q: Get out of your macOS user account. You will be asked to confirm. To exit immediately without confirming, press Option-Shift-Command-Q. * Not applicable to the Touch ID. Command-D sensor: Duplicate the selected files. Command-E: Expel the selected disk or volume. Command-F: Start a Spotlight search in the Finder window. Command-I: Show the Get Info window for a selected file. Command-R: (1) When an alias is selected in the Finder: show the original file for the selected alias. (2) In some applications, such as Calendar or Safari, update or reload the page. (3) In software update preferences, check software updates again. Shift-Command-C: Open the Computer window. Shift-Command-D: Open the desktop folder. Shift-Command-F: Open the Recent window, showing all the files you have recently viewed or edited. Shift-Command-G: Open a Go to the folder window. Shift-Command-H: Open the current macOS user account home folder. Shift-Command-I: Open iCloud Drive. Shift-Command-K: Open the network window. Option-Command-L: Open the Downloads folder. Shift-Command-N: Create a new folder. Shift-Command-O: Open the Documents folder. Shift-Command-P: Show or hide the Preview pane in the Finder windows. Shift-Command-R: Open the AirDrop window. Shift-Command-T: show or hide the tab bar in the Finder windows. Control-Shift-Command-T: Add selected Finder article to Dock (OS Xor later) Shift-Command-U: Open the Utility folder. Option-Command-D: show or hide the Dock. Control-Command-T: Add the selected item to the sidebar (OS X Mavericks or later). later).Hide or show the path bar in the Finder windows. Option-Command-S: Hide or show the sidebar in the Finder windows. Command–Slash (/): Hide or show the status bar in the Finder windows. Command-J: Show Display Options. Command-K: Open the Connect to Server window. Control-Command-A: Make an alias of the selected item. Command-N: Open a new Finder window. Option-Command-N: create a new smart folder. Command-T: Show or hide the tab bar when a single tab is opened in the current Finder window. Option-Command-T: Show or hide the toolbar when a single tab is opened in the current search window. Option-Command-V: Move the files into the board from their original location to the current location. Command-Y: Use Quick Look to preview selected files. Option-Command-Y: View a quick presentation of Look of selected files. Command-1: View items in the Viewer window as icons. Command-2: View items in a Searcher window as a list. Command-3: View items in a Finder window in columns. Command-4: View articles in a Finder window in a gallery. Command Bracket–Left (⌋): Go to the previous folder. Control-rect bracket (⌈): Go to the next folder. Command-up arrow: Open the folder that contains the current folder. Command–Control– Arrow: Open the folder that contains the current folder in a new window. Command-Down arrow: Open the selected item. Right arrow: Open the selected folder. This only works when in the list view. Left arrow: Close the selected folder. This only works when in the list view. Command-Delete: Move the selected item into the basket. Shift-Command-Delete: empty the basket.empty the basket without confirmation dialog. Command–Brightness Down: Turn on or off the video when the Mac is connected to more than one display. Option–Brightness up: open display preferences. this works with brightness key. Control–Brightness up or Control–Brightness down: modify the brightness of the external display, if supported bydisplay. Option–Shift–Brightness Up or Option–Shift–Brightness Down: Adjust the brightness of the display in small steps. Add the control key to this shortcut to adjust the external display if supported by the display. Option–Mission Control: Open Mission Control preferences. Control-Mission Control: Show Desktop. Control-Down Brake: Show all windows in the front app. Option–Volume Up: Open sound preferences. This works with any of the volume keys. Option–Shift–Volume Up or Option–Shift–Volume Down: Adjust the sound volume in small steps. Option–Keyboard Brightness Up: Open Keyboard preferences. This works with keyboard brightness key. Option–Shift–Keyboard Brightness Up or Option–Shift–Keyboard Brightness: Adjust the brightness of the keyboard in small steps. Option key during double-click: Open the object in a separate window, then close the original window. Command key during the double click: Open a folder in a separate tab or window. Command key during drag in another volume: Move the item dragged to the other volume instead of copying it. Option key during drag: Copy that. The pointer changes while dragging the item. Option-Command during traction: Make an alias of the dragged element. The pointer changes while dragging the item. Option-click a disclosure triangle: Open all folders inside the selected folder. This only works when in the list view. Click a window title: See the folders that contain the current folder. Learn how to use Command or Shift to select multiple items in the Finder. Click the Go menu in the Finder menu bar to see the shortcuts for opening many commonly used folders, such as Applications, Documents, Downloads, Utility and iCloudthe behavior of these shortcuts may vary with the app you are oando. Command-B: Approach the selected text, or turn off the bold setting. Command-I: italicize the selected text, or turn on or off the lane. Command-K: addweb links. Command-U: Emphasize the selected text, or turn on or off. Command-T: Show or hide the Fonts window. Command-D: Select the Desktop folder from within an Open or Save dialog box. Control-Command-D: show or hide the definition of the selected word. Shift-Command-Colon (:): View the conversation and grammar window. Command-Semicolon (;): Find words expelled in the document. Option-Delete: Delete the word left of the insertion point. Control-H: Remove the character on the left of the insertion point. Or use Delete. Control-D: Delete the character to the right of the insertion point. Or use Fn-Delete. Fn-Delete: Next delete on keyboards that do not have a Next Delete key. Or use Control-D. Control-K: delete the text between the insert point and end of the line or paragraph. Fn-Up arrow; Page Up: Scroll a page. Fn-Down Arrow: Page below: Scroll on a page. Fn-Left Brake: Home: Scroll at the beginning of a document. Brake: Finish: Scroll at the end of a document. Command-up arrow: Move the entry point at the beginning of the document. Command-Down arrow: Move the insertion point at the end of the document. Control arrow: Move the insertion point at the beginning of the current line. Control arrow: Move the insertion point to the end of the current line. Option-Sinistra arrow: Move the insertion point at the beginning of the previous word. Option–Arrow straight: Move the insertion point at the end of the next word. Arrow Shift-Command-Up: Select the text between the input point and the beginning of the document. Arrow Shift-Command-Down: Select the text between the insertion point and the end of the document. Arrow Shift-Command-Left: Select the text between the input point and the start of the current line. Shift–Command–Right Arrow: Select the text betweeninsertion and end of the current line. Shift-Arrow: Extend the selection of text to the character in the same horizontal position on the line above. Shift-Arrow: Extend text selection to the nearest character in the same horizontal position on the line below. arrow Shift-Left: extend text selection a character to the left. arrow Shift-Right: extend text selection a character to the right. Option–Shift–Up arrow: Extend text selection at the beginning of the current paragraph, then at the beginning of the following paragraph if pressed again. Option–Shift–Down arrow: Extend text selection at the end of the current paragraph, then at the end of the following paragraph if pressed again. Option–Shift–Left arrow: Extend text selection at the beginning of the current word, then at the beginning of the following word if pressed again. Option–Shift–Right arrow: Extend text selection at the end of the current word, then at the end of the following word if pressed again. Control-A: move to the beginning of the line or paragraph. Control-E: move to the end of a line or paragraph. Control-F: Move a character forward. Control-B: Move a character back. Control-L: center the cursor or selection in the visible area. Control-P: Move a line. Control-N: move to a line. Control-O: insert a new line after the insertion point. Control-T: Beat the character behind the insertion point with the character in front of the insertion point. command-Left bracket (⌈): Left alignment. control bracket (⌋): Right alignment. Shift–Command–Vertical bar (|): true center. Option-Command-F: go to the search field. Option-Command-T: Display or hide a toolbar in the app. Option-Command-C: copy style: copy the formatting settings of the selected item on the board. Option-Command-V: Paste style: apply the copied style to the selected item. Option-Shift-Command-V: paste and match style:the style of the content surrounding the product glued within that content. Option-Command-I: show or hide the inspector window. of the inspector.Page setting: Display a window to select the document settings. Shift-Command-S: view the save as a dialog, or duplicate the current document. sign Shift-Command-Minus (-): decrease the size of the selected item. sign Shift-Command-Plus (+): increase the size of the selected item. the Command-Equal sign (=) performs the same function. Shift–Command–Question mark (?): open the help menu. for further shortcuts, check the shortcuts of quick choice shown in the application menus. each application may have its own shortcuts, and shortcuts that work in an application may not work in another. thanks for your feedback. feedback. what is ctrl alt del in mac. what is ctrl x in mac. what is ctrl delete in mac. what is ctrl d in mac. what is ctrl alt end in mac. what is ctrl c in mac. what is ctrl y in mac. what is ctrl alt in mac

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